

Problem sheet 10

Please hand in your solutions before the lecture on Wednesday, 6th of January.

Problem I - Heat capacities

Consider a system with fixed number of particles N , that is characterized by the four state variables S, T, p, V . Further we are interested in the five susceptibilities

$$C_p = T \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial T} \right)_p, \quad C_V = T \left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial T} \right)_V, \quad \kappa_T = -\frac{1}{V} \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial p} \right)_T, \quad \kappa_S = -\frac{1}{V} \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial p} \right)_S, \quad \alpha_p = \frac{1}{V} \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T} \right)_p,$$

which are the isobaric and isothermal heat capacity, the isothermal and the adiabatic compressibility and the thermal expansion coefficient.

- (a) With the help of the Maxwell relations, prove the following identities:

$$\frac{C_p}{C_V} = \frac{\kappa_T}{\kappa_S} \quad \text{and} \quad C_p - C_V = T \frac{\alpha_p^2}{\kappa_T} V$$

Hint: To show the second identity, write the total differentials of $S(T, V)$ and $V(T, p)$. (6 points)

- (b) For a non-ideal gas whose molecules interact with each other and hence obey the following equation of state:

$$\left(p + a \frac{N^2}{V^2} \right) V = N k_B T$$

where a is an arbitrary parameter, find the function $\kappa_s(T, V, C_V)$. (3 points)

Problem II - Black body radiator

- (a) Using $U = A + TS$, show the identity

$$\left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial V} \right)_T = -p + T \left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial T} \right)_V$$

(2 points)

- (b) Using the identity of (a), calculate the temperature dependence $u(T)$ of a black body radiator, where $U = u(T)V$ and $p(T) = u(T)/3$. Also give an expression for the entropy $S(T, V)$ and the free energy $A(T, V)$. (5 points)

Problem III - Maxwell relations

Calculate the three Maxwell-relations for the grand-canonical ensemble.

$$\Phi(T, V, \mu) = E - TS - \mu N$$

(3 points)

Problem IV - Thermodynamic relations

- (a) The chemical potential of a certain substance reads as

$$\mu(p, T) = \frac{(1-m)T}{1+m} \left(\frac{T^2}{(m+1)^2 bp} \right)^{1/(m-1)}$$

with two constants m, b . Show that $E(S, V, N) \sim N^\alpha V^\beta S^\gamma$ and determine α, β, γ . (7 points)

- (b) The heat capacity of some other substance is given by $C_V(T, V, N) = c_1 VT$. Further the volume is given by

$$V(S, p, N) = \frac{S}{\sqrt{2c_1 (p + c_2 \ln(N/N_0))}} \quad \text{and} \quad V(S, N, \mu) = \mu N / c_2$$

with constants c_1, c_2, N_0 . Determine $E(S, V, N)$. (4 points)