

# Problem sheet 3

Please hand in your solutions before the lecture on Wednesday, 4th of November.

## Problem 1 - Phase Space

Sketch the potential  $U(q)$  as a function of  $q$ , and typical paths of a particle in  $p, q$  space for the following one-dimensional systems. Here  $p$  is the momentum,  $q$  is the position. The energy  $E$  and mass  $m$  are fixed.

- A free particle. (2 points)
- A particle trapped in a monostable quartic potential  $U(q) = q^4$ . (2 points)
- A particle trapped in a bistable quartic potential  $U(q) = q^4 - 2q^2$ . (2 points)
- A particle under an attractive central potential  $U(q) = 1/q^2$ . (2 points)

## Problem 2 - Entropy

- Show that in the microcanonical ensemble the uniform distribution, i.e. that in which all microstates have equal probability, maximises the thermodynamic entropy. (3 points)
- Calculate the mean information in the case of throwing: (3 points)
  - one die.
  - two dice.

## Problem 3 - Magnetization of a two level system

Consider a system of  $N$  levels and in each of this levels sits a spin with  $S = 1/2$ . Each spin will have a projection over the  $z$ -axis equal to  $S^z = \pm 1/2$  and has equal probability of choosing any of the two projections.

- Calculate the number of accessible microstates. (3 points)
- Each spin is directly related to a magnetic moment. This means that we can define a magnetization in the direction of the  $z$ -axis as  $m^z = a \sum_{i=1}^N S_i^z$ , with  $a$  an arbitrary constant. Give an expression of the magnetization in the  $z$ -direction in terms of the number of spins up and down,  $N_\uparrow$  and  $N_\downarrow$ . (2 points)
- Now we are able to identify the different macrostates present in the system. What is the probability,  $P(m)$ , of having a macrostate corresponding to a magnetization  $m$ ? (4 points)
- Calculate the associated entropy to each of these macrostates. Which one is the most probable? (4 points)
- If my system is in the maximal entropy state, and I apply an external magnetic field in the positive  $z$ -direction that forces all my spins to align with it. What is the change of entropy between the initial and final states? (4 points)

## Problem 4 - Harmonic oscillators

We will study a system consisting of  $N$  harmonic oscillators in 1D, independent and identical. The Hamiltonian of the system is:

$$H(p_i, q_i) = \sum_{i=1}^N \left( \frac{1}{2m} p_i^2 + \frac{1}{2} m \omega^2 q_i^2 \right) \quad (1)$$

- Using the semi-classical hypothesis that a quantum state occupies a cell of volume  $h^N$  in phase space, calculate the phase space volume occupied by the microcanonical ensemble. (3 points)

$$\Omega(E) = \frac{1}{N! h^N} \int_{E < H(p, q) < E + \Delta} d^N q d^N p \quad (2)$$

- (b) Calculate the entropy  $S$  as a function of the total energy  $E$ . (*4 points*)
- (c) Find the joint probability  $P(p, q)$  for a single oscillator. Calculate the mean kinetic energy, and mean potential energy for each oscillator. (*4 points*)