



BECs with $1/r$ Interatomic Interaction

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Experimental Motivation

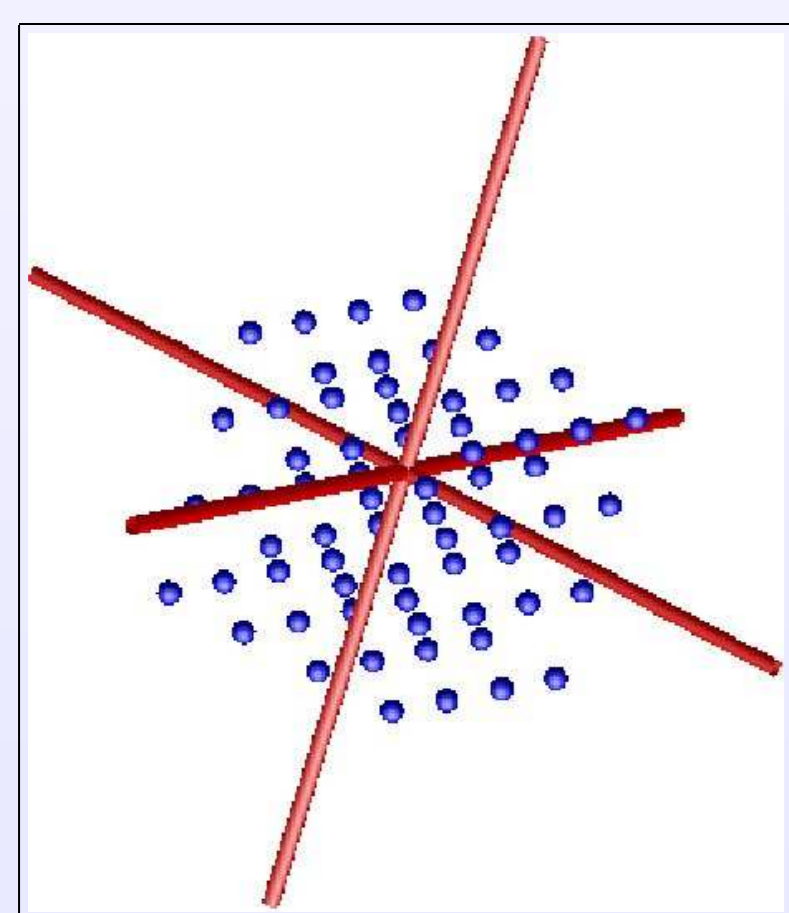
1) Gravity-like interaction [1,2]:

- Interaction potential of radiation field and atoms [3-5]:

$$U(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{I\alpha^2(k)}{4\pi c\epsilon_0^2} \hat{\mathbf{e}}_i^* \hat{\mathbf{e}}_j \frac{1}{r^3} \left[(\delta_{ij} - 3\hat{r}_i\hat{r}_j) (\cos kr + kr \sin kr) - (\delta_{ij} - \hat{r}_i\hat{r}_j) k^2 r^2 \cos kr \right] \cos(\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{r})$$

- Near-zone potential, $kr \ll 1$:

Setup with three crossed static lasers:



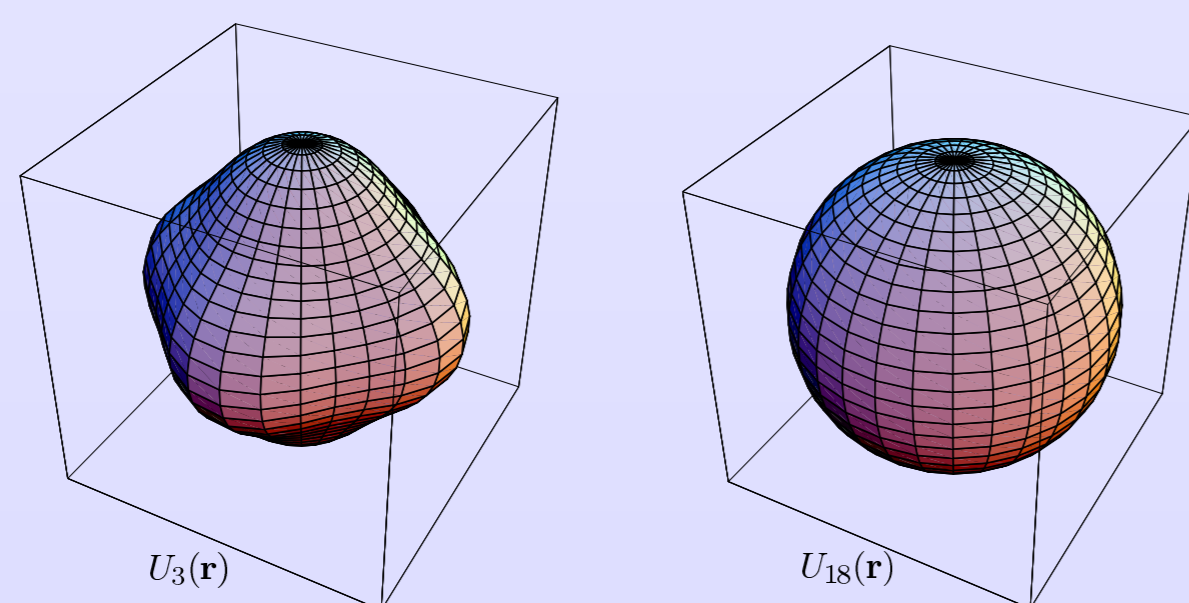
Typical numbers	
static polarizability α	²³ Na: $24.08 \cdot 10^{-24} \text{ cm}^3$ ⁸⁷ Rb: $46.3 \cdot 10^{-24} \text{ cm}^3$
wavelength of a CO ₂ -laser	$\lambda = 10.6 \mu\text{m}$
intensity	$I = 10^8 \text{ W/cm}^2$
gravitational-like length a_G	²³ Na: 0.1 m ⁸⁷ Rb: 0.027 m

$$U_3(\mathbf{r}) = -\frac{3Ik^2\alpha^2}{16\pi c\epsilon_0^2} \frac{1}{r} \left[\frac{7}{3} + (\sin\vartheta \cos\varphi)^4 + (\sin\vartheta \sin\varphi)^4 + \cos^4\vartheta \right]$$

18 crossed lasers:

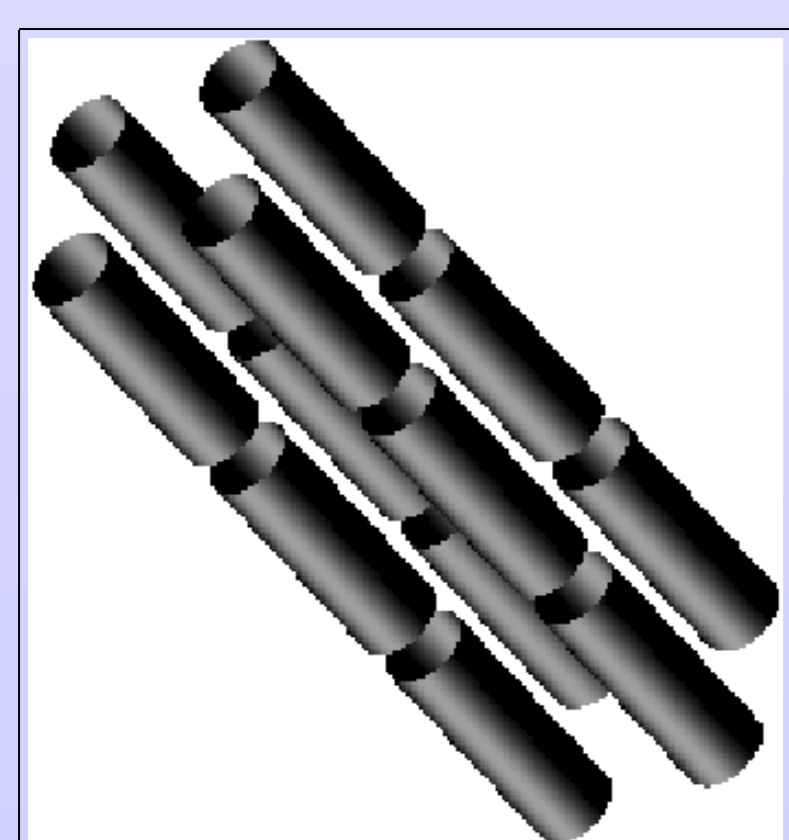
$$U_{18}(\mathbf{r}) = -\frac{11Ik^2\alpha^2}{4\pi c\epsilon_0^2} \frac{1}{r} = -\frac{u}{r}$$

$$u = \frac{4\pi^2\hbar^2}{ma_G}$$

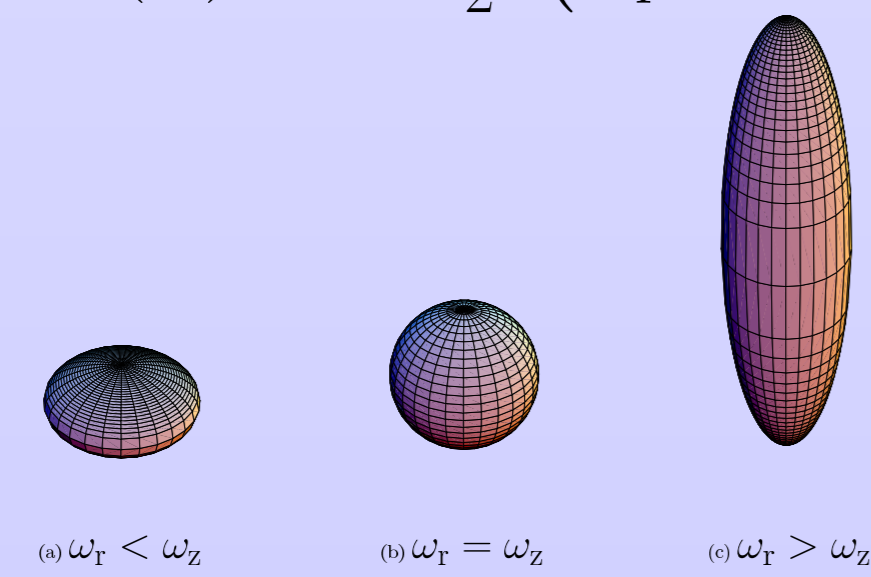


2) Coulomb interaction of trapped ions:

- Linear quadrupole trap [6]:



Effective harmonic trap
 $V(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{M}{2} (\omega_r^2 r^2 + \omega_z^2 z^2)$:



- Cooling by mutual interactions of ⁴He⁺ and ⁹Be⁺
- Extension to BEC?

Gross-Pitaevskii Theory

- Gross-Pitaevskii equation in Thomas-Fermi approximation:

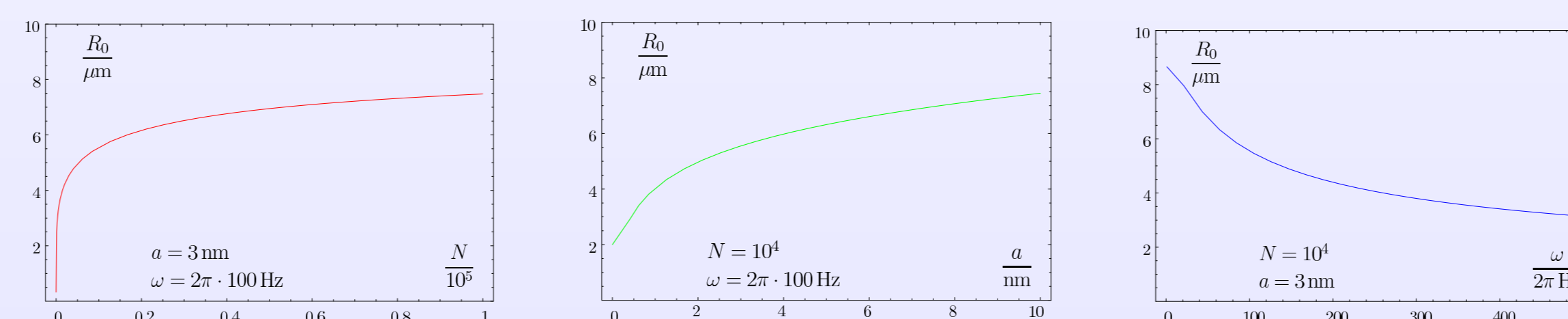
$$\mu\Psi(\mathbf{r}) = \left[g|\Psi(\mathbf{r})|^2 + \frac{m\omega^2 r^2}{2} - u \int \frac{|\Psi(\mathbf{r}')|^2}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|} d^3r' \right] \Psi(\mathbf{r})$$

- Solution ($k = \sqrt{4\pi u}$): $|\Psi(r)|^2 = \left[\frac{A \sin kr}{r} - \frac{3m\omega^2}{4\pi u} \right] \Theta(R_0 - r)$

$$A = -\frac{gk^2 N + 4\pi R_0^3 m\omega^2}{4\pi g [kR_0 \cos(kR_0) - \sin(kR_0)]}$$

$$(kR_0)^2 \cot(kR_0) = -\frac{N g k^5}{12\pi m\omega^2} - \frac{(kR_0)^3}{3} + kR_0$$

- Thomas-Fermi radius of ²³Na:



- Self-binding without a trap ($\omega = 0$) [1]:

$$\Psi_{\text{TF}}(r) = \frac{\sqrt{N}}{2R_0} \sqrt{\frac{\sin(\pi r/R_0)}{r}} \Theta(R_0 - r)$$

- Dynamics: Time-dependent variational approach [7]:

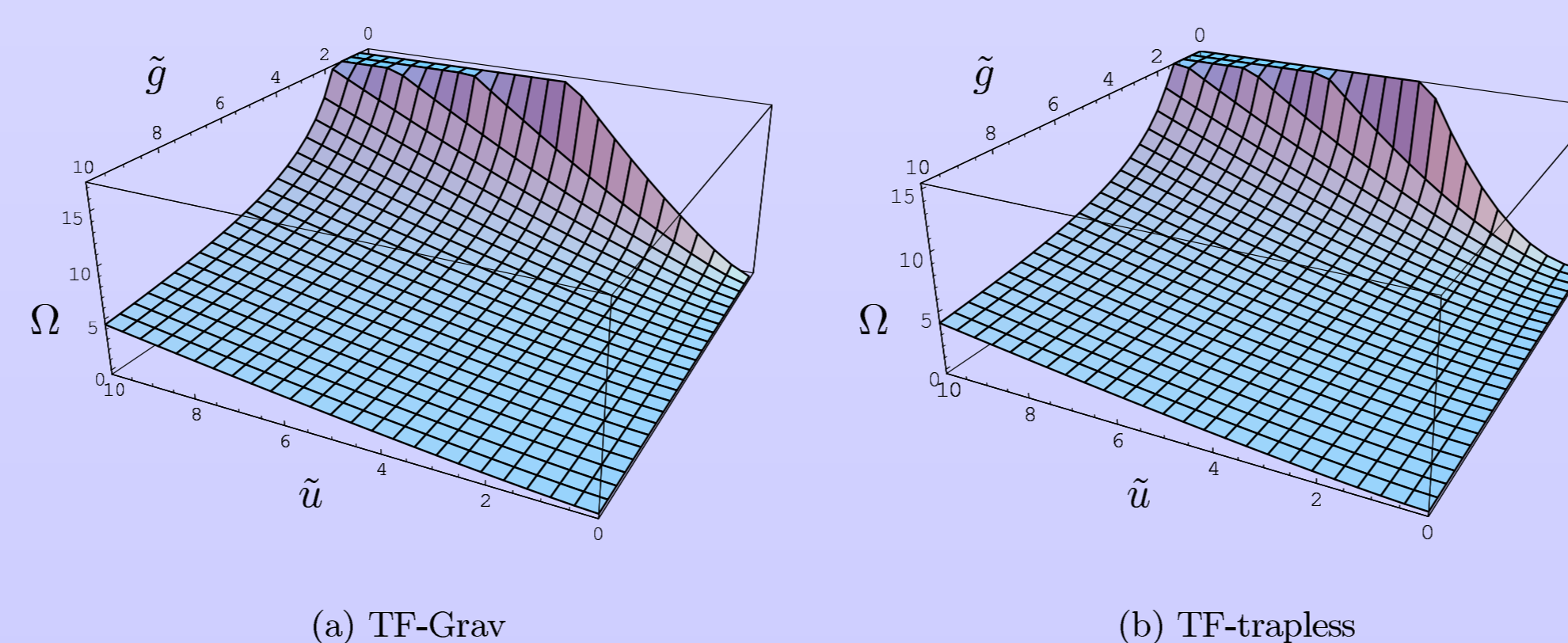
$$\Psi(r, t) = \frac{\sqrt{N}}{\pi^{3/4} \lambda(t)^{3/2} l^{3/2}} \exp \left\{ -r^2 \left[\frac{1}{2\lambda(t)^2 l^2} + iB(t) \right] \right\}$$

Frequency Ω of collective excitations:

	TF-Grav $k=0, \omega=0$	TF-Hard $k=0, \tilde{a}=0$	Ideal $\tilde{g}=0, \tilde{a}=0$	Gravitation $\tilde{g}=0, \omega=0$	Grav-trapless $\omega=0$
Ω	$\tilde{u}^2 \sqrt{\frac{2}{(\tilde{u}\tilde{g})^{3/2}}}$	$\sqrt{5}$	2	\tilde{u}^2	$4\tilde{u}^2 \sqrt{\frac{1+4\tilde{u}\tilde{g}+\sqrt{1+4\tilde{u}\tilde{g}}}{(1+\sqrt{1+4\tilde{u}\tilde{g}})^5}}$

$$l = \sqrt{\frac{\hbar}{m\omega}}, \quad \tilde{u} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{Nlm}{3\hbar^2} u, \quad \tilde{g} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{8\pi^3}} \frac{Nm}{l\hbar^2} g$$

- Frequencies:



Critical Temperature

- Bose gas in harmonic trap

$$\mathcal{Z} = \oint \mathcal{D}\psi^* \mathcal{D}\psi e^{-(\mathcal{A}^{(0)}[\psi^*, \psi] + \mathcal{A}^{(\text{int})}[\psi^*, \psi])/\hbar}$$

$$\mathcal{A}^{(0)}[\psi^*, \psi] = \int_0^{\hbar\beta} d\tau \int d^3x \psi^*(\mathbf{x}, \tau) \times \left\{ \hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial \tau} - \frac{\hbar^2}{2M} \Delta + V(\mathbf{x}) - \mu \right\} \psi(\mathbf{x}, \tau)$$

$$\mathcal{A}^{(\text{int})}[\psi^*, \psi] = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\hbar\beta} d\tau \int d^3x \int d^3x' \left[g \delta(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}') \mp \frac{u}{|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}'|} \right] \times \psi^*(\mathbf{x}, \tau) \psi^*(\mathbf{x}', \tau) \psi(\mathbf{x}, \tau) \psi(\mathbf{x}', \tau)$$

- Free energy:

$$\mathcal{F} = \mathcal{F}^{(0)} - \frac{1}{\beta} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \text{diagram} + \frac{1}{2} \text{diagram} + \dots \right\}$$

- Self energy:

$$\Sigma(\mathbf{x}, \tau; \mathbf{x}', \tau') = \text{diagram} + \text{diagram} + \dots$$

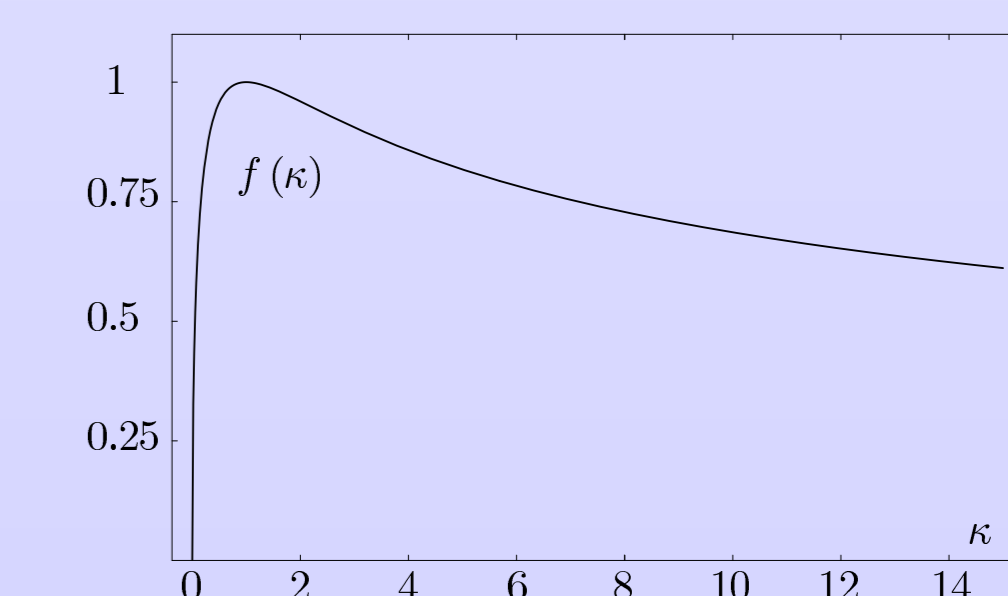
- First-order analytical result in semiclassical approximation [8]:

$$\left(\frac{\Delta T_c}{T_c^{(0)}} \right)_{G,C} = -c_\delta \frac{a}{\lambda_{T_c^{(0)}}} \pm c_E \frac{\lambda_{T_c^{(0)}}}{a_{G,C}} \pm c_D \frac{\lambda_{T_c^{(0)}}}{a_{G,C}} \frac{f(\frac{\omega_z}{\omega_r})}{(\hbar\beta_c^{(0)}\tilde{\omega})^2}$$

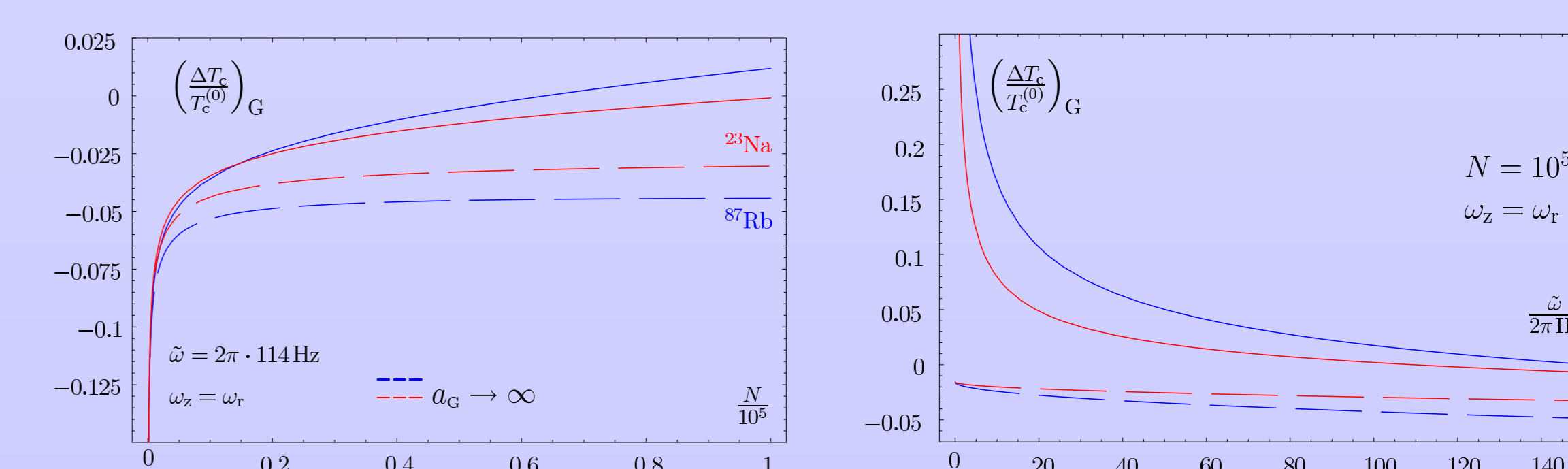
$$c_\delta \approx 3.42603, \quad c_E \approx -13.839, \quad c_D \approx 2.0951$$

- Anisotropy function, $\kappa = \omega_z/\omega_r$:

$$f(\kappa) = \frac{\kappa^{-1/3}}{\sqrt{1-\kappa^{-2}}} \arccos\left(\frac{1}{\kappa}\right)$$



- Graphical results:





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