

# Localized surface plasmons

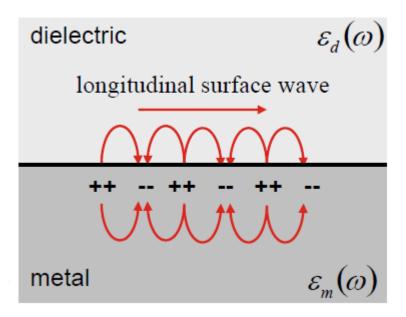
Sören Waßerroth

### Excitation of surface plasmons

- Surface Plasmon Polariton
- Localized Surface Plasmon

## Surface plasmon polariton

- propagating EM-waves @ interface
- special techniques to excite SPPs
  - prisms, gratings → match wave vectors



# Localized surface plasmons





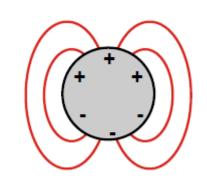
## Localized surface plasmon

• Assumptions:  $E_0$  — metallic particle  $-d << \lambda \quad (d < 100 \text{nm})$  — constant E-field

• Solve Laplace's equation:  $\nabla^2 \Phi = 0$ 

# Quasi static approximation

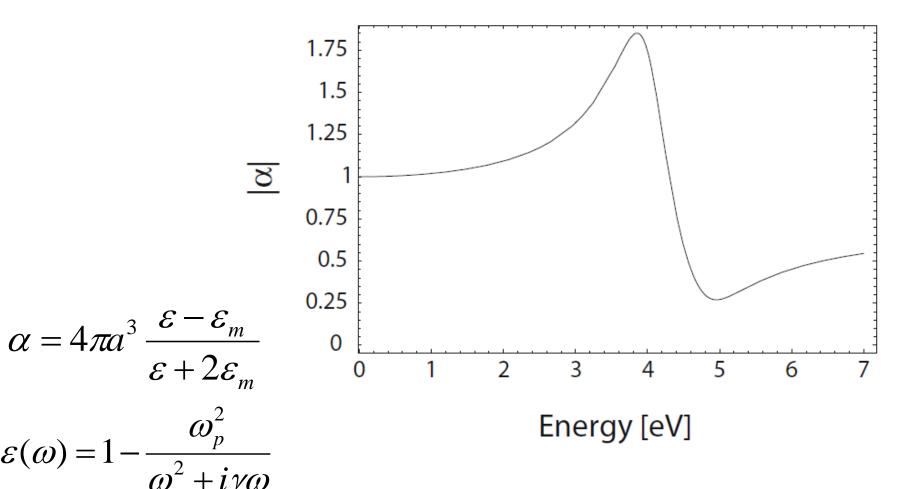
$$\Phi_{out} = -E_0 r \cos(\Theta) + \frac{\vec{p} \cdot \vec{r}}{4\pi \varepsilon_0 \varepsilon_m r^3}$$
applied field dipole field



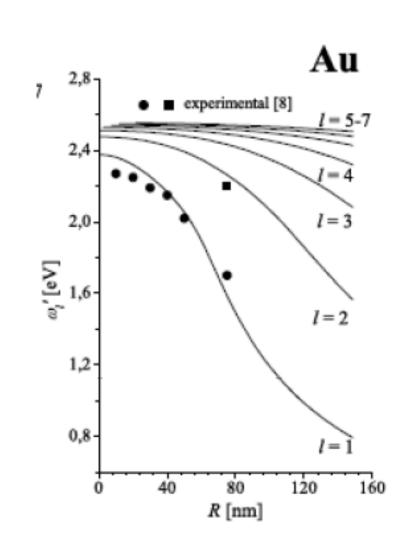
$$\vec{p} = \varepsilon_0 \varepsilon_m \alpha E_0$$

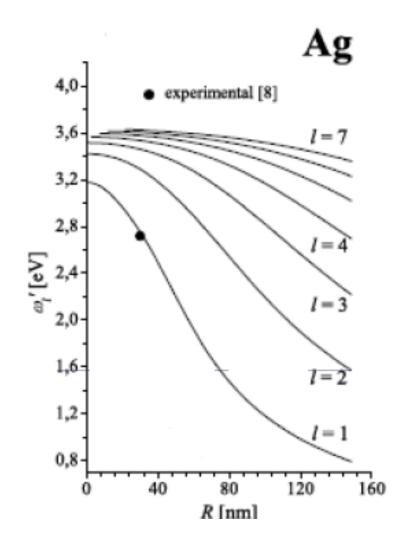
$$\alpha = 4\pi a^3 \frac{\varepsilon - \varepsilon_m}{\varepsilon + 2\varepsilon_m}$$

### Fröhlich's condition



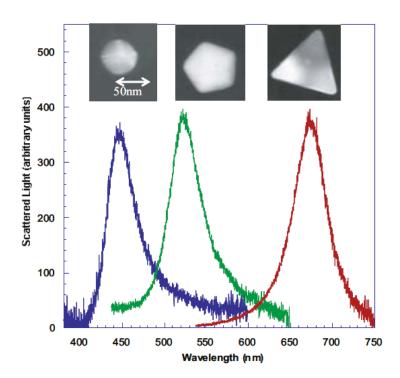
#### Plasmon size characteristics



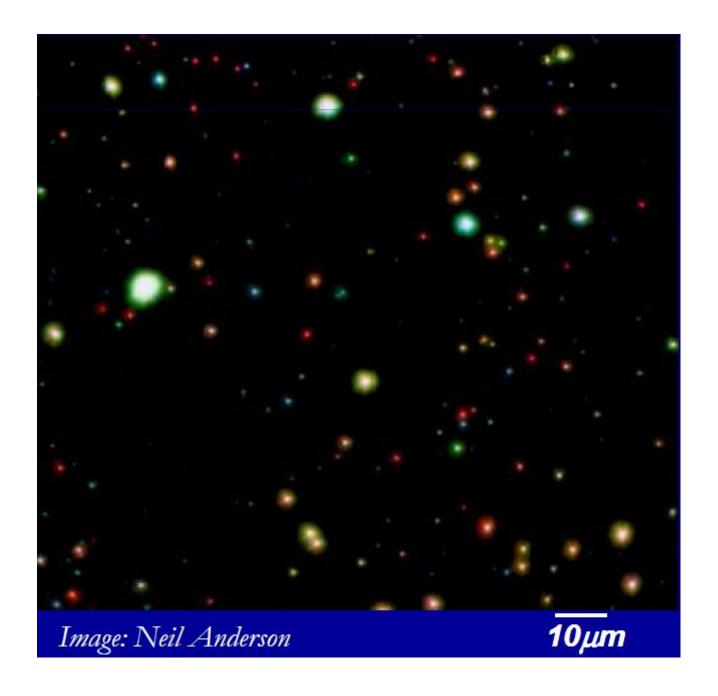


### Generalizations

- particle shape
- core shell particles

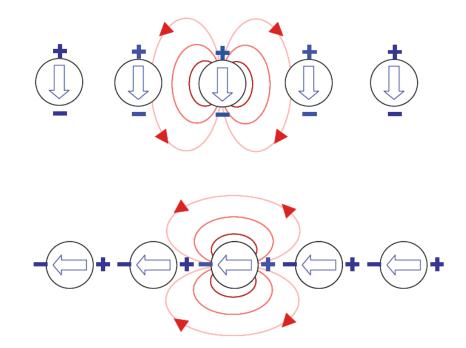


bigger particles → Mie scattering

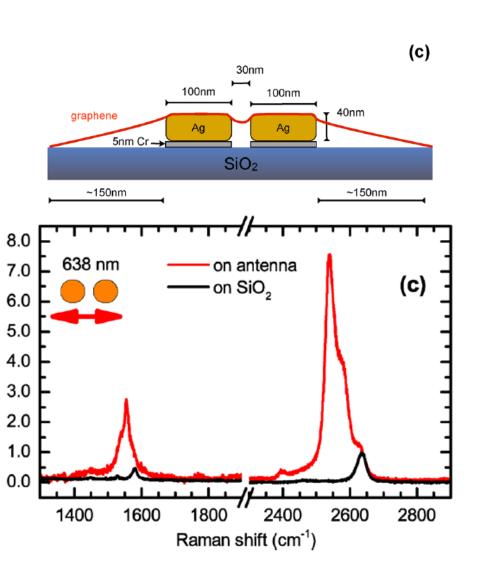


### Coupling between localized plasmons

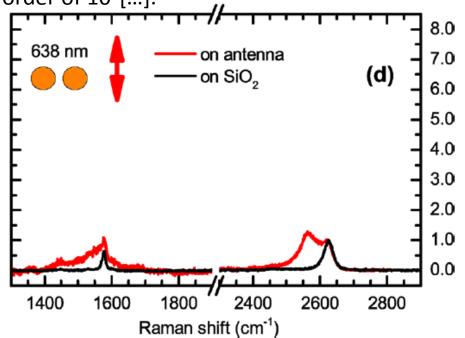
- dipole-dipole interaction
- shift of resonance



## "Graphene paper"



"By rotating the polarization of the excitation, we switch between the dots acting as single plasmonic particles and a coupling regime, realizing a plasmonic cavity. In the cavity we observerve a plasmonic enhancement of the order of  $10^3$ [...]."



Thank you for your attention!

#### Sources

- Plasmonics Maier
- Optical properties of solids Mark Fox
- Shape-Controlled Synthesis and Surface
   Plasmonic Properties of Metallic Nanostructures
   – Younan Xia et al., MRS Bulletin (2005)
- The Lycurgus Cup A Roman Nanotechnology Ian Freestone et al., Gold Bulletin (2007)
- Loclalized surface plasmon resonance:
   Nanostructures, bioassays and biosensing A review Eleonora Petryayeva et al., Analytica Chimica Acta 706 (2011)